Butterfly Control Valve

DMK/6 Series





UL Listed for US and Canada

- UL 842 and ULc C125 & C842
- File # MH 18741

Models

- DMK 707/6 (3/4" NPT)
- DMK 710/6 (1" NPT)
- DMK 712/6 (1 1/4" NPT)
- DMK 715/6 (1 1/2" NPT)
- DMK 720/6 2" NPT)

Commonwealth of Massachusetts Approved Product

- Approval code G1-1107-35
- Control Valve, Butterfly Type

Codes and Standards:

This product is intended for installations covered by but not limited to NFPA 86, ANSI Z83.4/ CSA 3.7, ANSI Z83.18/ CSA 4.9, ANSI Z21.13, CSD-1, UL 795, or CSA B149.3.

DUNGS is an ISO 9001 manufacturing facility.



Technical description

The DMK butterfly control valve actuates from 0° to 90° degrees in either direction; it is not a tight shut-off valve. Inlet side male thread and outlet-side female thread enable a space-saving assembly directly on most DUNGS safety shutoff valves.

- Max. operating pressure: 7 psi
- Max. differential pressure: 1.5 psi.
- Multiple internal orifice diameters available for specific flow requirements
- Requires a DUNGS direct drive DMA actuator with operation time: 12 s or 30 s for 90°; 4 - 20 mA input.
- Small, light weight, easy to install, functional, rugged, and maintenance-free due to no linkages

Application

The DMK is recommended for industrial and commercial heating applications for modulating gas or air supply to burners. The DMK butterfly control valve is suitable for natural gas, propane, butane, air and other inert gases. Suitable for up to 0.1% by volume, dry $H_{\nu}S$.

DMK/6 Butterfly control valve	is used for modu	ılating gas or air s	supply to burners	s; not a tight shut	-off valve.	
Specifications	DMK 707/6	DMK 710/6	DMK 712/6	DMK 715/6	DMK 720/6	
Pipe thread (NPT) Male input female output	3/4"	1"	1 1/4"	1 1/2"	2"	
Max. pressure	7 PSI (500 mb	ar)				
Max. differential pressure	1.5 PSI (100 n	nbar)				
Max. body pressure	15 PSI (1033 r	mbar)				
Flow when closed (0°) Flow when open (90°)						
Torque	Max. 4.4 in-lbs	s (50 Ncm)				
Actuator angle	90° from open	to closed				
Orifice diameters avaliable (mm)	DMK 707/6 Diameters (mm) 11 DMK 710/6 Diameters (mm) 15 DMK 712/6 Diameters (mm) 19 DMK 715/6 Diameters (mm) 24 and 28 DMK 720/6 Diameters (mm) 32					
Materials in contact with gas	Housing: Shaft: Seals:	Aluminium Stainless steel NBR-based ru				
Ambient temperature	5 °F to +140 °	F (-15 °C to +60	°C)			
Installation position	Multipoised					
Actuator	Use with DUN	GS DMA actuato	or			

Equipment selection

Always select the valve with the largest Δp pressure drop ($\Delta p > 4.0$ in. W.C.) to achieve good "regulating and control behavior".

The following values must be known to size the DMK.

- 1. Maximum flow $V_{\mbox{\tiny max.}}$ 2. Pressure drop Δp at maximum flow.
- 3. Minimum flow $V_{\text{min.}}$ 4. Pressure drop Δp at minimum flow.

Check whether the required minimum flow is attained in valve position 0°. The minimum flow of the application should fall within the recommended operating ranges in diagram 1.

At low flow, the pressure drop of upstream equipment is reduced and the available Δp of the valve increases. At low flow, the pressure drop of upstream equipment is reduced and the available Δp of the valve increases.



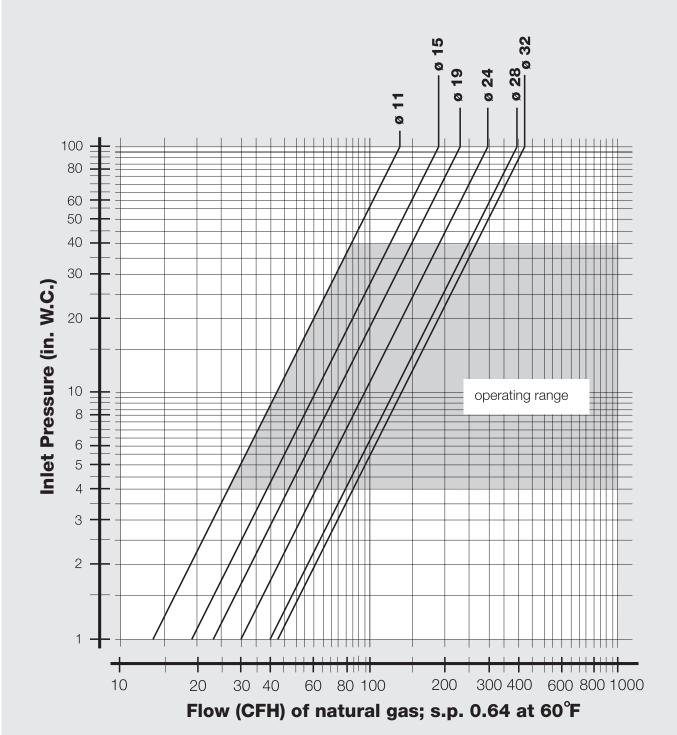
Perform leakage and functional tests after mounting.

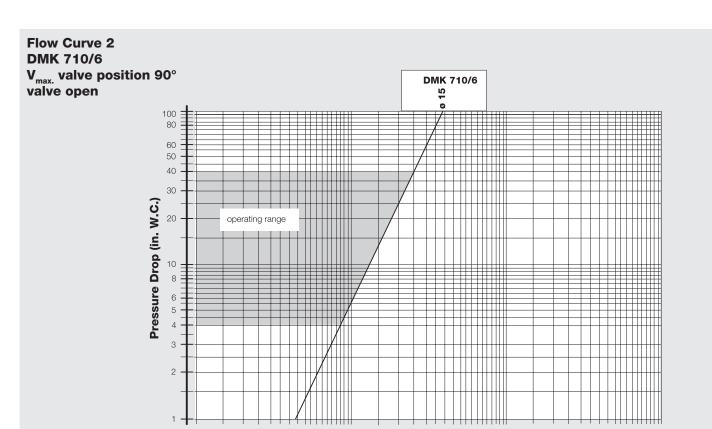


Direct contact between hardening masonry, concrete walls, floors and butterfly valve is not permitted.



Set pressure reference value on gas pressure regulator. Only perform load reduction via butterfly valve.

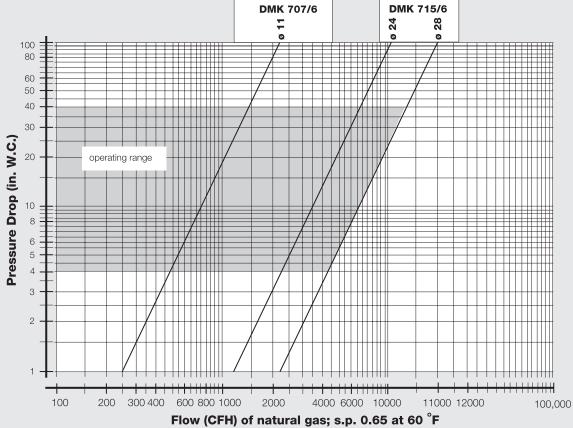




200 300 400 600 800 1000

100

Flow Curve 3 DMK 707/6 - DMK 715/6 V_{max.} valve position 90° valve open



2000

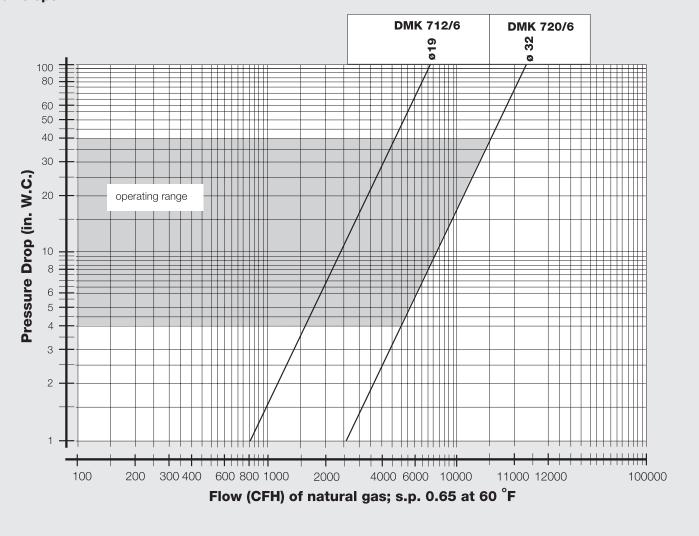
Flow (CFH) of natural gas; s.p. 0.65 at 60 °F

4000 6000 10000

11000 12000

100000

Flow Curve 4 DMK 712/6, DMK 720/6 V_{max.} valve position 90° valve open



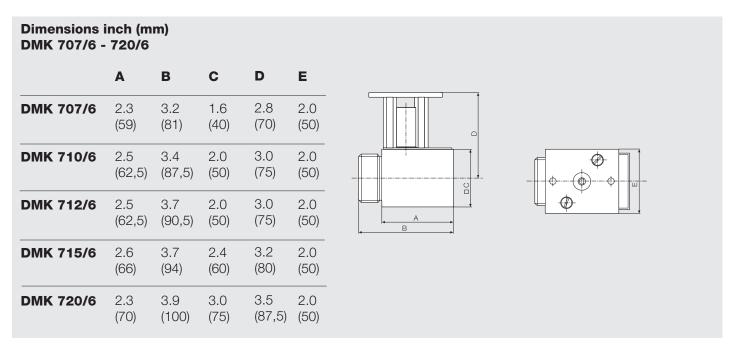
PRESSURE DROP FOR OTHER GASES

To determine the pressure drop when using a gas other than natural gas, use the flow formula below and f value located in the chart below to determine the "corrected" flow rate in CFH through the valve for the other gas used. For example, when using propane, divide the volume (CFH) of propane required for the application by the calculated value f (f = 0.66 for propane). Use this "corrected" flow rate and the flow curve on the next page to determine pressure drop for propane.

Use this formula to calculator the f factor for other gases not listed on the table. $f = \frac{}{\text{Spec. gravity of Natural Gas}}$ $\frac{}{\text{Spec. gravity of gas used}}$

Type of gas used	Density [kg/m³]	sg	f
Natural gas	0.81	0.65	1.00
Butane	2.39	1.95	0.58
Propane	1.86	1.50	0.66
Air	1.24	1.00	0.80





Туре	Orifice [mm]	NPT	Order No.
DMK 707/6	11	3/4"	228-754
DMK 710/6	15	1"	237-614
DMK 712/6	19	1 1/4"	228-770
DMK 715/6 DMK 715/6	24 28	1 1/2" 1 1/2"	228-779 228-783
DMK 720/6	32	2"	228-787

We reserve the right to make any changes in the interest of technical progress.

Karl Dungs Inc. 524 Apollo Drive, Suite 10 Lino Lakes, MN 55014, U.S.A. Phone 651 792-8912 Fax 651 792-8919 e-mail info@karldungsusa.com Internet http://www.dungs.com/usa/ Karl Dungs GmbH & Co. KG P.O. Box 12 29 D-73602 Schorndorf, Germany Phone +49 (0)7181-804-0 Fax +49 (0)7181-804-166 e-mail info@dungs.com Internet http://www.dungs.com